

Ferdinand Beyer

ELEMENTARY INSTRUCTION BOOK for the PIANOFORTE

Revised and Enlarged by
WM. SCHARFENBERG

MÉTODO DE INSTRUCCIÓN ELEMENTAL para PIANO

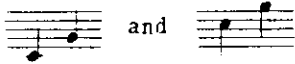
Revisado y Augmentado por
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Traducción española de
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G. SCHIRMER, Inc.

Contents.

First Part.

	Page.
Elementary remarks	3
Exercises for the touch, for each hand alone, and both together	6
Air with 12 Variations, for three hands; viz: for the teacher, and the pupil's right hand alone	8
Air with 8 Variations, for three hands; viz: for the teacher, and the pupil's left hand alone	10
Duets for the teacher and the pupil's both hands	14
Exercises for both hands, within the Intervals of  and 	18
Duets for acquiring the knowledge of the notes up to: 	24
Exercise for acquiring the knowledge of the notes down to: 	26
Duets for acquiring the knowledge of the notes up to: 	28
Duets for the exercise of the Value of the notes up to Eighth-Notes	30
Exercises in Eighth-Notes	32
Of the notes in the Bass Clef and their use, with a comparison of the notes of the Treble and Bass Clefs	34
Duets in Eighth-Notes	38

(Up to here chiefly with the hand in the same position.)

Second Part.

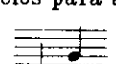
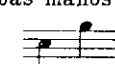
Exercises for both hands in the easiest Scales, Double-notes, Triplets, Appoggiaturas, etc.	40
Duets for the Exercise of the Value of the notes up to Sixteenth-Notes, and for acquiring fluency in execution	50
Exercises for both hands in Eighth-Notes, dotted Eighth- and Sixteenth-Notes, etc.	52
Chromatic Scale and Exercises for it	62
Six short pieces for Recreation	64

Sequel.

Finger Exercises for each hand alone, and both together	68
24 major and minor Scales	74
Succession of all the keys, and their relationship	77

Indice

Primera Parte

	Página
Principios elementales	3
Ejercicios de pulsación para ambas manos y cada una separadamente	6
Aire con 12 variaciones, para tres manos, es decir: el maestro y la mano derecha sola del discipulo	8
Aire con 8 variaciones para tres manos. El maestro y la izquierda del discipulo	10
Piezas a cuatro manos, para maestro y discipulo	14
Ejercicios para ambas manos dentro de los intervalos  y 	18
Piezas a cuatro manos para conocer las notas hasta 	24
Ejercicio para adquirir el conocimiento de las notas hasta 	26
Piezas a cuatro manos para conocer las notas hasta 	28
Piezas a cuatro manos para conocer el valor de las notas hasta corcheas	30
Ejercicio de corcheas	32
Notas en la Clave de FA y su uso, comparadas con las de la clave de SOL	34
Piezas a cuatro manos, de corcheas	38

(Hasta aquí principalmente con la mano en la misma posición)

Segunda Parte

Ejercicios para ambas manos en las escalas más fáciles, notas dobles, tresillos, apoyaturas, etc.	40
Piezas a cuatro manos para conocer el valor de las notas hasta las doble-corcheas; y adquirir soltura al tocar	50
Ejercicios para ambas manos en corcheas, corcheas con puntillo, doble-corcheas etc.	52
Escala Cromática y ejercicios para la misma	62
Seis piececitas recreaciones	64

Secuela

Ejercicios de digitación para ambas manos; y para cada mano por separado	68
Veinte y cuatro escalas mayores y menores	74
Orden sucesivo de los tonos mayores y sus relativos menores	77

First Part

Elementary Principles for the Pianist

Primera Parte

Estudios Elementales para los Pianistas

3

Staff Pentagrama Lines Líneas Spaces Espacios Ledgerlines Líneas adicionales

Treble or G clef Clave de SOL Bass or F clef Clave de FA

Notes on the five lines in the four Spaces above the staff on the ledger lines under the ledgerlines

Notas en las cinco líneas en los cuatro espacios sobre el pentagrama en las líneas adicionales bajo las líneas adicionales

MI SOL SI RE FA FA LA DO MI G-SOL SI RE FA LA B G E D RE FA LA C DO LA FA A MI SOL F-FA E C A F D B G RE SI SOL

To facilitate the learning of the notes, the pupil must memorize the musical alphabet, *c d e f g a b*, in succession as well as in thirds: *cē-gb-df-āc*, backward and forward; and must apply this to the notes and keys.

El aprendizaje de las notas se facilita estudiando de memoria el nombre y colocación de ellas en el pentagrama, tanto seguidas, *Do, Re, Mi, Fa, etc.*; como alternadas, *Re-Sol, Si-Mi, etc.* Este mismo orden debe aplicarse al conocimiento de las teclas en el piano.

Intervals Second Third Fourth Fifth Sixth Seventh Octave

Intervalos de Segunda Tercera Cuarta Quinta Sexta Séptima Octava

Value of the Notes and the Rests

Valor de las Notas y de sus Silencios

A whole note or whole rest contains: Una redonda o su silencio equivale a:

2 half-notes or 2 half-rests 2 blancas o 2 silencios de blanca

4 quarter-notes or 4 quarter-rests 4 negras o 4 silencios de negra

8 eighth-notes or 8 eighth-rests 8 corcheas o 8 silencios de corchea

4 Triplets 4 Tresillos

16 sixteenth-notes or 16 sixteenth-rests 16 doble-corcheas o 16 silencios de ellas

32 thirty-second-notes or 32 thirty-second-rests 32 triple-corcheas (o fusas) o 32 de sus silencios

64 sixty-fourth-notes or 64 sixty-fourth-rests 64 cuádruple-corcheas (o semifusas) o 64 de sus silencios

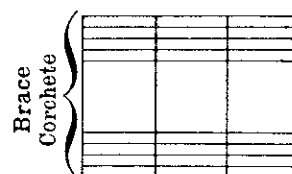
Two dots after a note
Valor del doble-puntillo

Dot after a rest
El puntillo a la derecha de un silencio

Two dots after a rest
Valor del silencio con
doble-puntillo

double-puntino
 etc.

Bars
Líneas Divisorias



Accidentales

		
Sharp	Flat	Natural
Sostenido	Bemol	Becuadro o natural

C C sharp C natural D D flat D natural
Do sostenido Do natural RE RE bemol RE natural

Common time	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} C \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{array} \right.$	Compasillo
Compases usuales		Dos por cuatro
Triple time	$\frac{3}{4}$	Tres por cuatro
		Ternario
Compound time	$\frac{6}{8}$	Seis por ocho
		Compuesto
Triple time	$\frac{3}{8}$	Tres por ocho
		Ternario
Compound time	$\frac{9}{8}$	Nueve por ocho
		Compuesto

Names of the notes with sharps
Nombre de las notas con sostenidos

Names of the notes with flats
Nombre de las notas con bemoles

[illegible]

Chromatic Scale
Escala cromática

Letter	Letter	Letter	Letter	Letter	Letter	Letter	Letter	Letter	Letter	Letter	Letter	Letter	Letter	Letter	Letter	Letter	Letter	Letter	Letter	Letter
C	C sharp	D	D sharp	E	F	F sharp	G	G sharp	A	A sharp	B	C	B flat	A flat	G flat	F	E flat	D flat	C	
Do	Do	Re	Re	MI	FA	FA	SOL	SOL	LA	LA	SI	Do	Si	La	SOL	FA	MI	RE	RE	Do
	sostenido		sostenido			sostenido		sostenido		sostenido			Si bemol	La bemol	SOL bemol		MI bemol	RE bemol		

Enharmonic
Enarmonica

Enarmonica

C sharp D flat Do sostenido Re bemol	D sharp E flat Re sostenido Mi bemol	F sharp G flat Fa sostenido Sol bemol	G sharp A flat Sol sostenido La bemol	A sharp B flat La sostenido Si bemol	C sharp D flat Do sostenido Re bemol
C Do	D Re	E, F flat Mi, Fa bemol	F, E sharp Fa, Mi sostenido	G Sol	A La
					B, C flat Si, Do bemol
					C, B sharp Do, Si sostenido
					White keys Teclas Blancas

Black keys
Teclas Negras

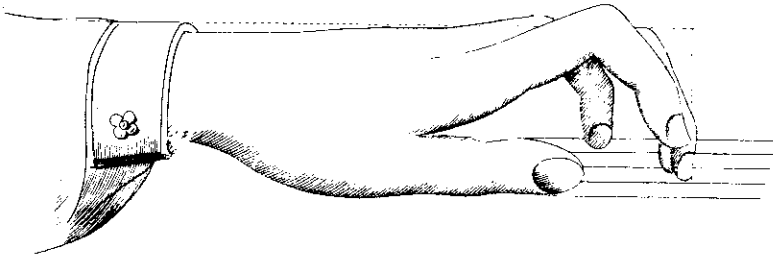
Un Teclado de Siete Octavas

Treble Clef
Clave de Sol

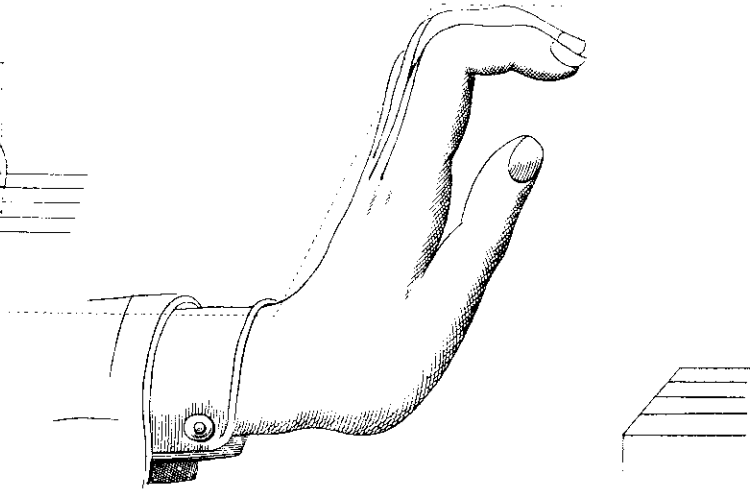
Bass Clef
Clave de FA

The image shows a musical score for a piano exercise. It consists of two staves: a Treble Clef (Clave de Sol) and a Bass Clef (Clave de Fa). The melody is written in a single line, starting on a middle C (Do) and ascending step by step through the scale: C (Do), D (Re), E (Mi), F (Fa), G (Sol), A (La), B (Si), and then descending back to C (Do). The notes are repeated multiple times, with the final sequence ending on a C (Do) marked with a fermata. Below the staves, a keyboard diagram shows the corresponding keys: white keys for C, D, E, F, G, A, B and black keys for C#, D#, E#, F#, G#, A#. The keys are labeled with their letter names and solfège names (Do, Re, Mi, Fa, Sol, La, Si) in a row below the diagram.

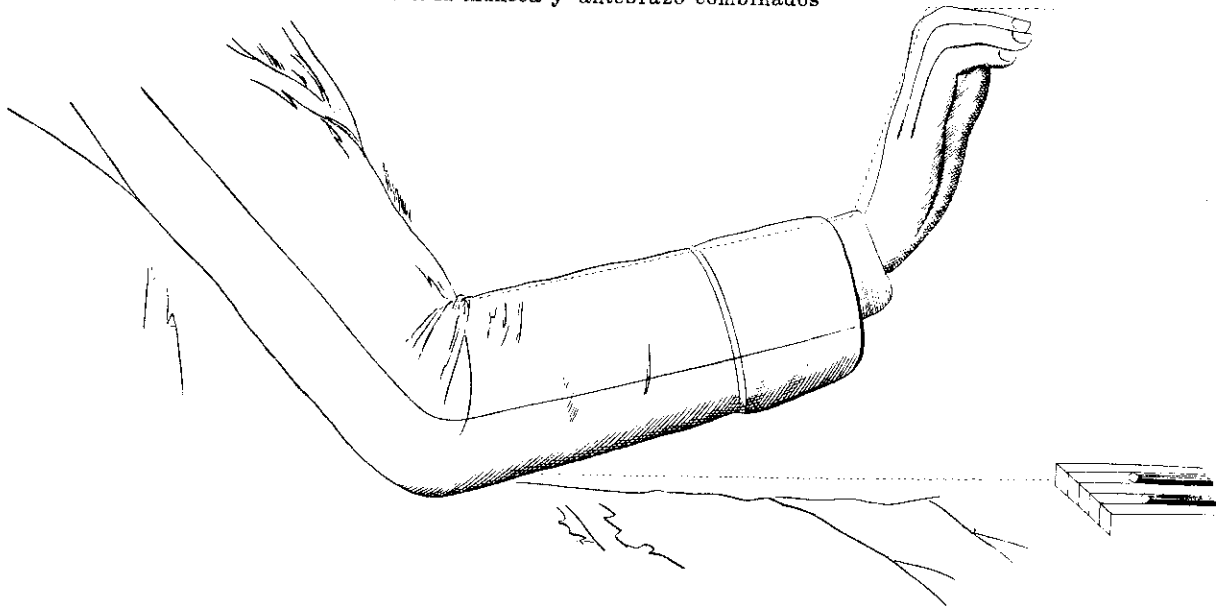
I. Stroke of the First Finger.
I. Ataque del primer dedo



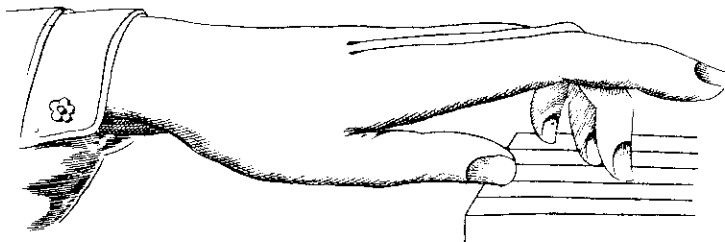
II. Stroke of the Wrist.
II. Postura de la muñeca



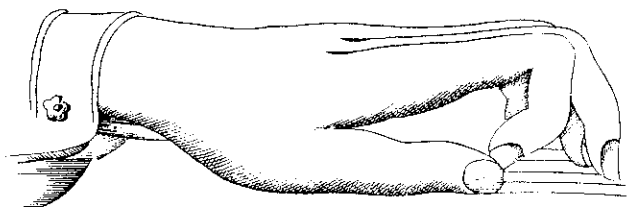
III. Stroke of the Wrist and Forearm combined.
III. Colocación de la muñeca y antebrazo combinados



IV. Position of the First Finger for Staccato Stroke.
IV. Posición del primer dedo para la ejecución del Staccato



V. Position after the Stroke.
V. Como debe quedar la mano después de ejecutarlo



Exercise for the Touch of the Right Hand.

Each finger must be raised exactly at that moment, when the next finger touches the key.

The movement of the fingers must be equal, firm, and in the beginning slow.

The touch must not be too strong, in order to avoid a forced straining of the muscles of the hand and arm, which causes a hard and unpleasant touch.

(For the position, see page 5.)

Each Exercise must be repeated as often as the teacher requires.

Ejercicio para la Pulsación de la Mano Derecha

Cada dedo debe levantarse precisamente en el momento en que el próximo toca la nota que le corresponde.

Debe ser igual el movimiento de los dedos; al principio lento, pero firme.

Para no forzar los músculos de la mano y del brazo, la pulsación debe ser suave, a fin de evitar que se adquiriera una ejecución ruda y poco agradable.

(Véase la página 5 para la posición)

Cada ejercicio se repetirá tantas veces como el maestro indique.

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24.

Exercise for the Touch of the Left Hand.

Ejercicios para la Pulsación de la Mano Izquierda

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.

Exercises 11 through 24 are presented in four rows of two staves each. Each exercise is a single melodic line in treble clef with a common time signature 'C'. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 below the notes. Exercises 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 24 are all in common time. Exercises 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 24 are in 3/4 time. Exercises 11, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 24 are in 4/4 time. Exercises 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 24 are in 3/4 time. Exercises 11, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 24 are in 4/4 time.

Exercises for both Hands together.

Ejercicios para ambas Manos en Conjunto

Exercises 1 through 24 are presented in four rows of two staves each. Each exercise is a single melodic line in treble clef with a common time signature 'C'. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 below the notes. Exercises 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 24 are all in common time. Exercises 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 24 are in 3/4 time. Exercises 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 24 are in 4/4 time.

The Exercises of these two Pages must be played from memory; when a degree of proficiency is acquired, the pupil may proceed to the following pages. The same remarks apply to the Finger-Exercises in the Sequel of this work, so that the pupil may bestow all his attention on a correct position and touch.

Estos ejercicios deben tocarse de memoria y retener en ella los dedos que se usan para acostumbrarse a observar la digitación en el primer transcurso de esta obra. Cuando adquiriera el discípulo cierto grado de adelanto, podrá pasar a las páginas siguientes. Así mismo se procederá en todos los demás ejercicios para que la atención del principiante se dedique a la posición y pulsación correctas.

For Three Hands.

Para Tres Manos

The Teacher.

El Maestro

Moderato.

No 1.

Tema.

Var. 1.

Var. 2.

Var. 3.

Var. 4.

Var. 5.

Var. 6.

Var. 7.

Var. 8.

Var. 9.

Var. 10.

Var. 11.

Var. 12.

The musical score is written for three hands on a single staff in bass clef, 2/4 time. It consists of 12 variations. Variation 1 is the theme, featuring a steady eighth-note accompaniment and a melody of eighth notes. Variations 2-12 show various rhythmic and melodic changes, including triplets, sixteenth notes, and different melodic patterns. The tempo is marked 'Moderato'.

For Three Hands

The Pupil

For the Right Hand alone

Para Tres Manos

El Discípulo

Para la Mano Derecha sola

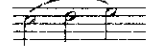
Position of the Hand
Posición de la Mano

Tempo Moderato

(Moderate Movement) (Movimiento Moderado)

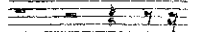
No 1
Tema

The pupil should count the time-beats aloud, at first
Al principio el discípulo marcará en alta voz el tiempo

Slur
Ligadura

The Tones must be connected without any break between them. This is to be effected by each finger remaining until the next finger strikes. As a general rule, this manner of playing should be followed. If a key is to be struck several times with the same finger, the hand must be raised each time.

Como los sonidos deben estar conectados sin interrupción entre ellos, los dedos quedarán sobre las teclas correspondientes hasta que el siguiente dedo toque su nota respectiva. Esta manera de ejecutar debe ser regla general. Cuando una tecla tenga que tocarse varias veces con el mismo dedo, la mano se levantará cada vez.

Rests
Silencios

During the value of a Rest, the finger must not remain on the key, and the hand must be raised.

En los silencios el dedo no estará sobre la tecla y la mano se debe levantar.

For Three Hands.

Para Tres Manos

No. 2. Moderato.

Tema.



For Three Hands

Para Tres Manos

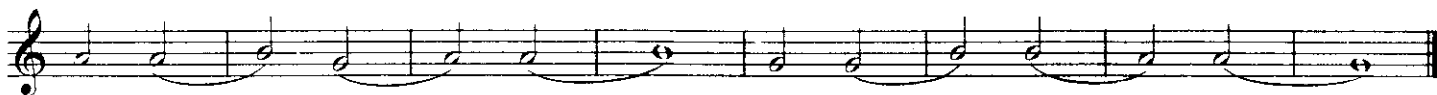
Position of the Hand
Posición de la Mano

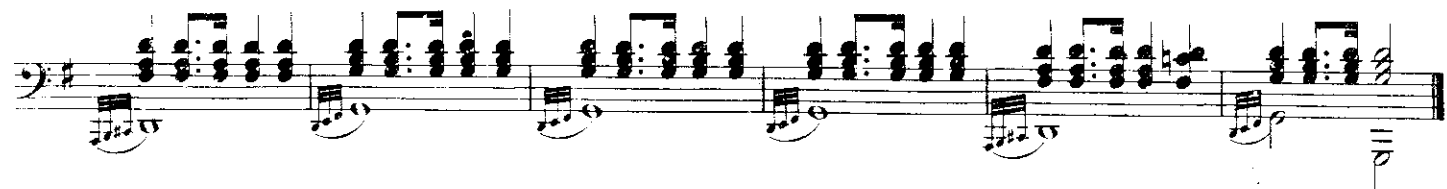
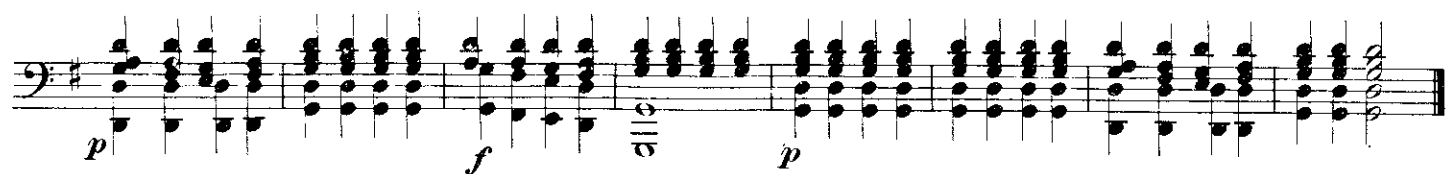


For the left hand alone

Para la mano izquierda sola

Nº 2. Moderato.
Tema.





Repeat Signs
Signos de Repetición



Position of the Hand 
Posición de la Mano
G A B C D
Sol La Si Do Re



Duets

For Four Hands

Duos

Para Cuatro Manos

Secondo.

Second Part

Segundas Manos

Moderato.

Nº 3.



Nº 4.



Nº 5.



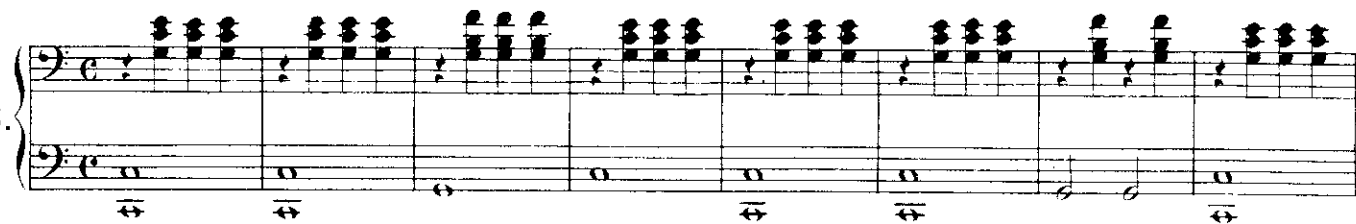
Nº 6.



Nº 7.



Nº 8.



Duets For Four Hands

Duos Para Cuatro Manos

Primo

First Part

Primeras Manos

Moderato.

Position of the Hands
Posición de las Manos

Nº 3.

Right hand
Mano Derecha
1 2 3 4

Left hand
Mano Izquierda

Each finger keeps the key assigned to it.

Nº 4.

Cada dedo debe tocar la tecla que se le designa.

Nº 5.

Nº 6.

Nº 7.

Nº 8.

Secondo.

Allegretto.

Nº 9.

Three systems of musical notation for No. 9. Each system consists of a treble and bass staff. The treble staff features a continuous eighth-note melody. The bass staff provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes. The first system is 8 measures long, the second is 8 measures long, and the third is 8 measures long, ending with a double bar line.

Commodo.

Nº 10.

Two systems of musical notation for No. 10. Each system consists of a treble and bass staff. The treble staff contains chords and rests, while the bass staff has a melody of eighth and quarter notes. The first system is 8 measures long, and the second is 8 measures long, ending with a double bar line.

Moderato.

Nº 11.

Two systems of musical notation for No. 11. Each system consists of a treble and bass staff. The treble staff features a continuous eighth-note melody. The bass staff provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes. The first system is 8 measures long, and the second is 8 measures long, ending with a double bar line.

Primo.

Allegretto

(Moderately fast) (Velocidad Moderada)

Nº 9.

Commodo

(Quietly, with composure) (Aire Tranquilo)

Position of the Hands
Posición de las Manos

Nº 10.

Position of the Hands
Posición de las Manos

Nº 11.

Moderato.

Exercises for Both Hands.

The pupil should never forget, that a good position of the body, the arms, the hands and fingers, as well as a good touch, and keeping strict time, are the foundation of good playing.

Ejercicios para ambas Manos

El fundamento de la buena ejecución lo constituyen: la buena posición del cuerpo, los brazos, las manos y los dedos; la buena pulsación y la observación estricta del compás. El discípulo nunca debe descuidar ninguna de estas reglas, ni olvidar que de todas ellas dependen sus adelantos.

Nº 12. Moderato.

Nº 13.

Nº 14.

Nº 15.

Nº 16. Moderato. *legato.*

2 3 1 5

2 1 4 5 1

Nº 17.

legato.

Allegretto.

1 5 4 2

3 1 4 5 3 4 2

2 1 2 4 5 3 1

2 1 2 4 5 3 1

2 1 2 4 5 3 1

2 1 2 4 5 3 1

Nº 18.

Allegretto.

1 2 3 5 5

1 2 3 1 5

2 1 2 4 5 3 1

2 1 2 4 5 3 1

| | | | |
|----|----|----|-----|
| 4 | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| C | D | E | G |
| Do | Re | Mi | Sol |
| 5 | 3 | 2 | 4 |
| C | E | F | G |
| Do | Mi | Fa | Sol |

Allegretto.

Nº 19.

C D E
Do Re Mi

C E F G
Do Mi Fa Sol

Allegretto.

Nº 20.

C D E G
Do Re Mi Sol

C E F G
Do Mi Fa Sol

Moderato.

Nº 21.

C D E F G
Do Re Mi Fa Sol

C D E F G
Do Re Mi Fa Sol

Nº 22.

legato.

The 'Fingering' exercise consists of two staves. The top staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The bottom staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The exercise is divided into four measures. The first measure contains a half note G4 (finger 2) and a half note F4 (finger 1). The second measure contains a half note E4 (finger 2), a half note D4 (finger 3), and a half note C4 (finger 4). The third measure contains a half note B3 (finger 5), a half note A3 (finger 2), a half note G3 (finger 3), and a half note F3 (finger 4). The fourth measure contains a half note E3 (finger 5), a half note D3 (finger 2), a half note C3 (finger 3), and a half note B2 (finger 4). Slurs are placed over the notes in each measure, and the fingerings are indicated by numbers 1 through 5 above or below the notes.

1 2 3 4 5
C D E F G
Do Re Mi Fa Sol

No 23.

Moderato.

3 5 1 3

5

A musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". It features a treble and bass staff. The treble staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The melody is written in a simple, folk-like style. The bass staff provides a harmonic accompaniment. The score includes a repeat sign at the beginning and end of the main melody. The lyrics "The Rose Tree" are written below the bass staff.

[illegible]

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. It features a treble and bass staff. The melody is in the treble staff, and the accompaniment is in the bass staff. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The melody consists of a series of eighth and quarter notes, with some rests. The accompaniment consists of a steady eighth-note pattern in the bass, with some chords and rests. The score is written in a simple, clear style.

Nº 25.

5 4 3 3 2 1

1 2 3

A musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". It features a treble and bass staff. The melody is written in the treble staff, starting on a G4 and ending on a G4. The bass staff provides a simple accompaniment. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The score includes a repeat sign at the beginning and end. The lyrics "The Rose Tree" are written below the bass staff.

Moderato.

Nº 26.

A musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". It consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and contains a melody with various note values and rests. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a bass line. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The melody includes fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) and slurs. The bass line includes fingerings (1, 5, 3, 1) and slurs. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.

№ 27.

The musical score for 'The Bird Song' is presented in two staves. The upper staff is in treble clef and the lower staff is in bass clef. The key signature has one flat (B-flat) and the time signature is common time (C). The melody in the upper staff consists of eighth and quarter notes, often grouped with fingerings 1-2-3, 2-3-4, 3-4-5, and 2-3-4-2. The bass line in the lower staff features a mix of eighth, quarter, and half notes, with fingerings 3-1, 2-4, 5-3, 1-3, 2-3-4-1, and 3. The piece concludes with a final whole note in the upper staff and a half note in the lower staff.

A musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". It consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The melody is written on the top staff, and the accompaniment is on the bottom staff. The melody starts with a quarter note G4, followed by a quarter note A4, a quarter note B4, and a quarter note C5. The accompaniment starts with a quarter note G2, followed by a quarter note F2, a quarter note E2, and a quarter note D2. The melody continues with a quarter note B4, a quarter note A4, a quarter note G4, and a quarter note F4. The accompaniment continues with a quarter note C3, a quarter note B2, a quarter note A2, and a quarter note G2. The melody ends with a quarter note E4, a quarter note D4, a quarter note C4, and a quarter note B3. The accompaniment ends with a quarter note F2, a quarter note E2, a quarter note D2, and a quarter note C2.

№ 28.)

A musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". It consists of two staves. The top staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature (C). The melody is written in eighth and quarter notes, with fingerings 3, 5, 2, 4, and 5 indicated above certain notes. The bottom staff is a bass clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature (C). The bass line is written in eighth and quarter notes, with fingerings 1, 2, 3, 2, 1, 4 indicated below certain notes. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and contains a melody of eighth and sixteenth notes. The bottom staff is in bass clef and contains a bass line with some chords and single notes. The key signature has one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.

Nº 29.

Bind or Tie
Ligadura



The second note must not be struck, but the finger must be held on the key during the value of the two notes.

La segunda nota no se toca. El dedo debe estar sobre la tecla todo el tiempo que representa el valor de las dos figuras.

Nº 30.

legato.

Nº 31.

Duets.

Duos

Secondo.

Andante.

Nº 32.

dolce.

Allegretto.

Nº 33.

p

Andante.

Nº 34.

p

Andante Primo.
(Slow) (Despacio)

Nº 32.



Allegretto.

Nº 33.



Andante.

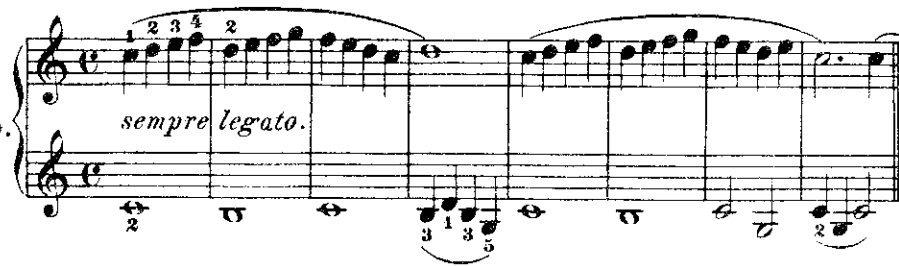
Nº 34.



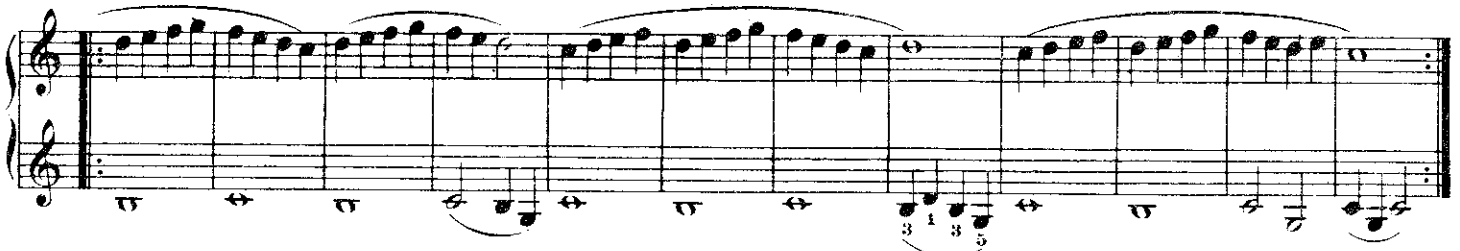
Moderato.



Nº 35.



sempre legato
Always smoothly
Ligado, sin saltos

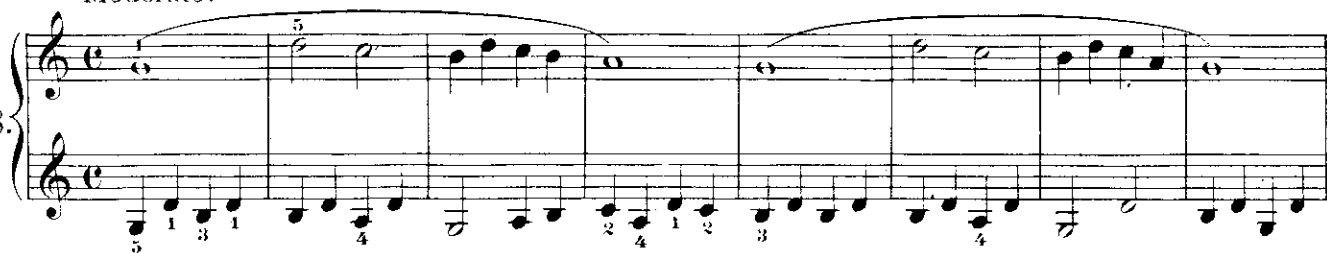


Nº 37.

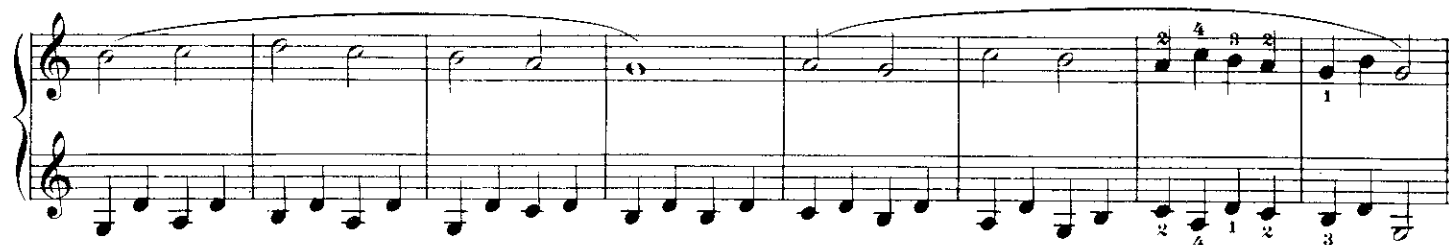
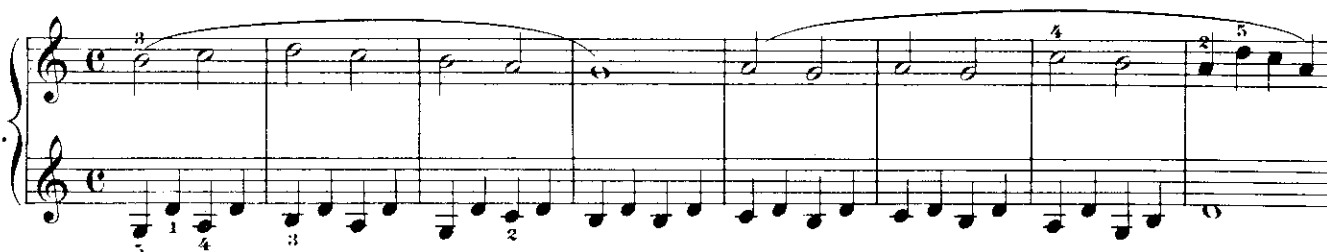


Moderato.

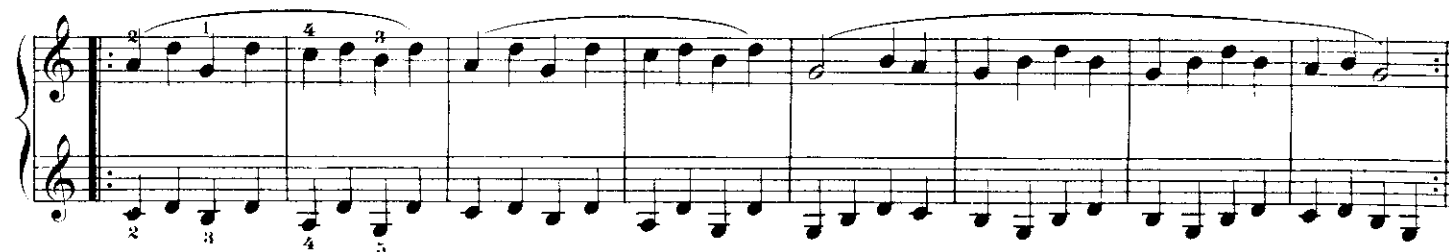
Nº 38.



Nº 39.



Nº 40.



Duets.

Duos

Allegretto.

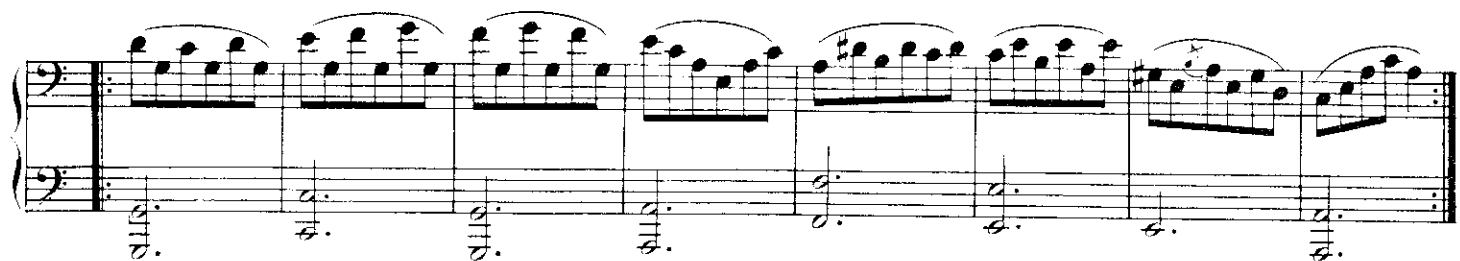
Secondo.

Nº 41.



Andante.

Nº 42.



Moderato.

Nº 43.



Duets.

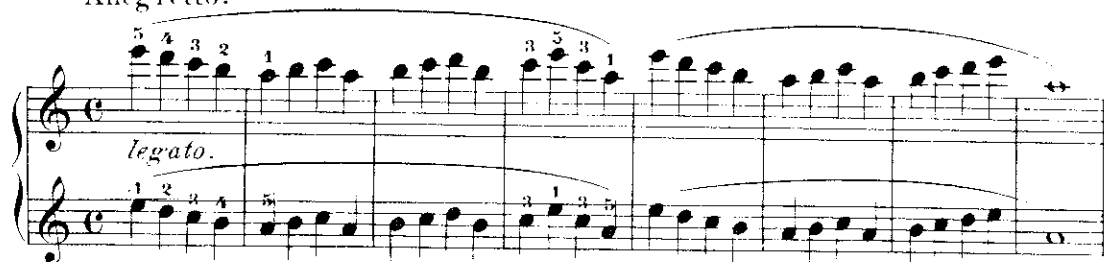
Duos

Allegretto.

Primo.



N° 41.



Andante.

N° 42.



Moderato.

N° 43.



Secondo.

Nº 44. Moderato.

The musical score for piano No. 44, titled "Secondo.", is in 2/4 time and marked "Moderato.". It consists of seven systems of two staves each. The first system is marked "p" (piano). The second system has a "p" dynamic. The third system has an "mf" (mezzo-forte) dynamic. The fourth system has an "mf" dynamic. The fifth system has an "mf" dynamic. The sixth system has an "mf" dynamic. The seventh system has an "mf" dynamic. The score features various musical notations including eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and slurs.

8 (Octave.)

The notes which have this mark above them, must be played an octave (eight notes) higher, as far as the mark goes.



To be played:
Debe tocarse así:



Moderato.

Primo.

Nº 44.

Exercise on the value of the notes up to Eighth-notes.
Para ejercitarse en el valor de las notas hasta las corcheas.

1 2 3 4

sempre legato.

Exercises in Eighth-Notes.

Ejercicios de Corcheas



Moderato.

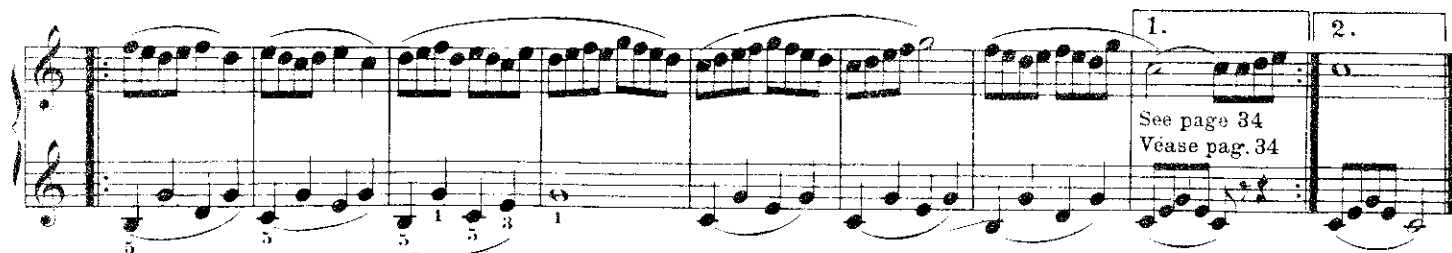


Nº 45.



Commodo.

Nº 46.



Moderato.

Position of the left hand

Posición de la mano izquierda



Nº 47.



Allegretto.

Nº 48.

1. 2.

See page 34.
Véase pag. 34

Allegretto.

Nº 49.

1. 2.

See page 34.
Véase pag. 34

Commodo.

Nº 50.

1. 2.

See page 34.
Véase pag. 34

The elbows must not stand off from the body, even though the hands may be far apart.

Los codos nunca deben estar separados del cuerpo aunque las manos estén muy distantes.

Repeat 7 times
Repítase 7 veces

Ending
Para
terminar

Do Re Mi Fa Sol Fa Mi Re Do La Si Do Re Mi Re Do Si La Re Mi Fa Sol La Sol Fa Mi Re Sol La Si Do Re Do Si La Sol

NB. To compare the notes in the G Clef with those in the F Clef, which are played on the same keys.

NB. Para comparar las notas de la Clave de SOL con las de la Clave de FA que se tocan en las mismas teclas.

Moderato.

Nº 51.

1ma
First time
Primera vez

2da
Second time
Segunda vez

1ma
prima volta
First time
Primera vez

2da
seconda volta
Second time
Segunda vez

Allegretto.

Nº 52.

Moderato.

Nº 53.

f, forte
loud
fuerte

Nº 54. *Commodo.* *f*

Nº 55. *Moderato.* *mf* *mf, mezzo forte*
moderately loud
mediana fuerza

Nº 56. *Allegretto.* *f*

Nº 57. *Allegretto.* *f*

p, piano
soft
suave

Moderato.

Nº 58.

increasing
aumentando

decreasing
in strength
disminuyendo
la fuerza

Allegretto.

Nº 59.

means, the note must be accented.
Indica que la nota se debe acentuar.

Commodo.

Nº 60.

cresc.
crescendo
increasing
aumentando

dim.
diminuendo
decreasing
disminuyendo
la fuerza

Allegro moderato
(Moderately fast) (Moderada velocidad)

Nº 61.

dolce.

dolce
softly, sweetly
dulce, suave

Nº 62.

Allegro moderato.

mf

If a dot is placed above a note, the finger, which plays the note, must be raised immediately after striking the key.

Examples:
Ejemplos:

to be played thus:
debe tocarse así:

Quando se ve un punto sobre una nota, quiere decir que el dedo que la toque se levante inmediatamente de la tecla.

Nº 63.

Allegretto.

p

1.

2.

*cresc.**f**p*

Commodo.

Nº 64.

p

1.

2.

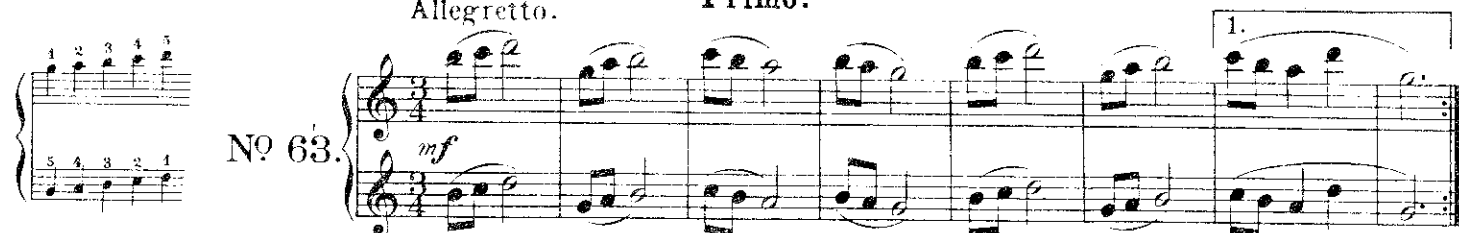
f

Allegretto.

Primo.



Nº 63.



(yyy)
Dashes above the notes cause these to be played still shorter than when they are marked with dots.

Example: Execution:
Ejemplo: Ejecución:

Quando se encuentran notas sobre las cuales hay tildes, indican que su ejecución es más breve que cuando tienen puntos.



Nº 64.

Commodo.

dolce.



Second Part

Exercises for passing the thumb
under the fingers and the fingers over
the thumb

Segunda Parte

Ejercicios para pasar el dedo pulgar
bajo los otros dedos y éstos
sobre el pulgar

Scale in C major — Escala de Do mayor

Right hand alone
La mano
derecha sola

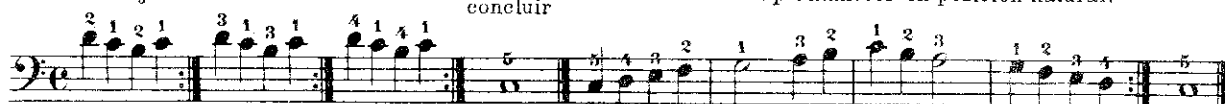


Each exercise at least 8 times.
Cada ejercicio al menos 8 veces.

Ending
Para
concluir

The elbows must remain in a natural position.
Los codos deben permanecer en posición natural.

Left hand alone
La mano
izquierda sola



Scale in C major.

Escala de Do mayor



Moderato.



Exercises in Double Notes.

Ejercicios de Notas Dobles

Right hand alone
La mano
derecha sola



Left hand alone
La mano
izquierda sola



Each exercise at least 4 times.
Tóquase cada ejercicio al menos 4 veces.

Nº 66. Allegretto.
dolce.

Nº 67. Moderato.
mf

NB. The wrist must not be held stiffly.
NB. La muñeca debe estar flexible.

Nº 68. Moderato.

The Pupil must be careful to strike the two notes of the thirds precisely together, and play strictly legato, (smoothly.)

Tenga cuidado el discípulo que las dos notas de las terceras suenen, precisamente juntas; y a la vez, estrictamente ligadas.

Nº 69.

Scale in G major.

Escala de Sol mayor

First system of piano scale exercise in G major (one sharp). The exercise is in 4/4 time. The first system contains measures 1 through 12. The right hand plays an ascending scale starting on G4, and the left hand plays a descending scale starting on D5. Fingering is indicated by numbers 1-5. Slurs and accents are used to guide the player.

Moderato.

Nº 70.

Exercise Nº 70, marked Moderato. It is in G major and 4/4 time. The exercise consists of six measures. The right hand plays a series of chords and single notes, while the left hand plays a descending scale. Fingering and slurs are indicated.

Nº 71.

Exercise Nº 71, in G major and 4/4 time. It consists of six measures. The right hand plays chords and single notes, and the left hand plays a descending scale. Fingering and slurs are indicated.

Commodo.

Nº 72.

dolce.

Exercise Nº 72, marked Commodo (Ad libitum) and dolce. It is in G major and 3/4 time. The exercise consists of six measures. The right hand plays a descending scale, and the left hand plays chords and single notes. Fingering and slurs are indicated.

Continuation of exercise Nº 72, measures 7 through 12. The right hand continues the descending scale, and the left hand plays chords and single notes. The exercise concludes with a *dolce.* marking and a *p* (piano) dynamic marking.

Moderato.

Nº 73.

Accidentals
Accidentales

Triplets.

Moderato.

Tresillos

Nº 74.

Scale in D major.

Escala de Re mayor

First system of piano scale exercises in D major (treble and bass clef). The exercises consist of ascending and descending runs with various fingering patterns (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) and slurs. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#).

Nº 75. *Moderato.* *mf*

Second system of piano exercises. Exercise Nº 75 is marked *Moderato* and *mf*. It features a 3/4 time signature and includes ascending and descending runs with slurs and fingering.

Third system of piano exercises. Exercise Nº 76 is marked *Allegro moderato*. It features a 3/4 time signature and includes ascending and descending runs with slurs and fingering.

Nº 76. *Allegro moderato.* *mf*

Fourth system of piano exercises. Exercise Nº 76 is marked *Allegro moderato* and *mf*. It features a 3/4 time signature and includes ascending and descending runs with slurs and fingering.

With loose wrist.
Con muñeca flexible.

Fifth system of piano exercises. Exercise Nº 76 is marked *Allegro moderato* and *mf*. It features a 3/4 time signature and includes ascending and descending runs with slurs and fingering.

Nº 77. Moderato.

mf

mf

mf

Nº 78. Allegretto.

f

dolce.

dolce.

f

f

Scale in A major.

Escala de La mayor

First system of the A major scale exercise, measures 1-4. The music is in A major (three sharps: F#, C#, G#) and common time. The right hand starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic, playing eighth-note ascending and descending scales. The left hand enters in the second measure with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic, also playing eighth-note ascending and descending scales. Fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) are indicated for both hands. The system concludes with a repeat sign.

Commodo.

Nº 79.

Second system of the A major scale exercise, measures 5-8. The tempo is marked 'Commodo.' (Moderato). The key signature remains A major. The right hand continues with eighth-note scales, while the left hand plays a more complex pattern with some triplets and slurs. Dynamics include *p* (piano) and *f* (forte). The system concludes with a repeat sign.

Third system of the A major scale exercise, measures 9-12. The right hand continues with eighth-note scales, and the left hand plays a pattern with some triplets and slurs. Dynamics include *p* (piano) and *f* (forte). The system concludes with a repeat sign.

Fourth system of the A major scale exercise, measures 13-16. The right hand continues with eighth-note scales, and the left hand plays a pattern with some triplets and slurs. Dynamics include *p* (piano) and *f* (forte). The system concludes with a repeat sign.

Allegretto.

Nº 80.

Appoggiatura
Grace-note
La Apoyatura

Example: Execution:
Ejemplo: Ejecución:

NB. If the note after the Grace-Note has no dot over it, it must be held to the end of its full value.

NB. Cuando la nota que sigue a una apoyatura no tiene punto o tilde sobre ella, se sostiene su sonido por el valor que le corresponde.

Allegretto.

Nº 81.

Scale in E major.

Escala de Mi mayor



No 83. *Allegretto.*

No. 83. Allegretto.

mf

cresc.

f

cresc.

dim.

f

[illegible]

Allegretto.

Nº 84.

Hold
Del Calderon
The note under a
Hold should be held
at least as long again
as its full value.
Este signo indica que el
compás se suspende, al
gusto del ejecutante,
haciendo sonar la nota
sobre la cual se pone,
al menos, doble tiempo.

 **Hold**
Del Calderon
The note under a **Hold** should be held at least as long again as its full value.
Este signo indica que el compás se suspende, al gusto del ejecutante, haciendo sonar la nota sobre la cual se pone, al menos, doble tiempo que el que representa su valor.

Nº 85. *Allegretto.*
dolce.

No. 85.

Allegretto.

dolce.

marcato.

marcato
in a marked style
las notas
bien marcadas

Secondo.

Nº 86. Moderato. *p*

Nº 87. Allegro moderato. *mf*

Primo.

Moderato.

Nº 86.

Exercises employing notes of values up to sixteenth notes.

Ejercicios para conocer el valor de las notas hasta las doble-corcheas.

staccato
to separate and play the notes short

Indica que las notas deben tocarse brevemente, levantando los dedos.

Allegro moderato.

Nº 87.

To acquire fluency.

Para adquirir soltura.

Moderato.

Nº 88.

musical score for No. 88, Moderato. The piece is in 3/4 time and D major. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked "Moderato." and the mood is "dolce." The score consists of three systems. The first system has six measures. The second system has six measures, with a dynamic change from *f* to *p* in the third measure. The third system has six measures, with a first ending bracketed over the last two measures and a second ending bracketed over the last two measures. The piece ends with a double bar line.

Andante.

Nº 89.

musical score for No. 89, Andante. The piece is in 3/4 time and D major. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked "Andante." and the mood is "dolce." The score consists of three systems. The first system has six measures. The second system has six measures, with a dynamic change from *mf* to *f* in the third measure. The third system has six measures, with a first ending bracketed over the last two measures and a second ending bracketed over the last two measures. The piece ends with a double bar line.

Allegretto.

Nº 90.

musical score for No. 90, Allegretto. The piece is in 6/8 time and D major. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked "Allegretto." The score consists of three systems. The first system has six measures. The second system has six measures, with a dynamic change from *f* to *p* in the third measure. The third system has six measures, with a first ending bracketed over the last two measures and a second ending bracketed over the last two measures. The piece ends with a double bar line.

p
marcato.

Scale in A minor.

Escala de La menor

mf

p
p₂

Allegretto.

Nº 91.
dolce.

f
p
cresc.
f
dim.

p
f

Commodo.

No 92.

dolce

f

P

Moderato.

No 93.

marcato.

f

Scale in F major.

Escala de Fa mayor

First system of the scale in F major, measures 1-6. The treble clef contains the ascending and descending scales with fingerings. The bass clef contains a single note (F) in measures 1 and 2, followed by an ascending scale in measures 3-6. Dynamics include *mf*, *cresc.*, and *f*.

Allegro moderato.

Second system of the scale in F major, measures 7-12. The treble clef contains the ascending and descending scales with fingerings. The bass clef contains a single note (F) in measures 7 and 8, followed by an ascending scale in measures 9-12. Dynamics include *cresc.* and *f*.

Allegretto.

Third system of the scale in F major, measures 13-18. The treble clef contains the ascending and descending scales with fingerings. The bass clef contains a single note (F) in measures 13 and 14, followed by an ascending scale in measures 15-18. Dynamics include *dolce*, *cresc.*, and *f*.

Fourth system of the scale in F major, measures 19-24. The treble clef contains the ascending and descending scales with fingerings. The bass clef contains a single note (F) in measures 19 and 20, followed by an ascending scale in measures 21-24. Dynamics include *p*, *f*, and *dolce*.

Allegretto.

Fifth system of the scale in F major, measures 25-30. The treble clef contains the ascending and descending scales with fingerings. The bass clef contains a single note (F) in measures 25 and 26, followed by an ascending scale in measures 27-30. Dynamics include *mf*.

Sixth system of the scale in F major, measures 31-36. The treble clef contains the ascending and descending scales with fingerings. The bass clef contains a single note (F) in measures 31 and 32, followed by an ascending scale in measures 33-36. Dynamics include *cresc.* and *f*.

Seventh system of the scale in F major, measures 37-42. The treble clef contains the ascending and descending scales with fingerings. The bass clef contains a single note (F) in measures 37 and 38, followed by an ascending scale in measures 39-42. Dynamics include *p*.

Allegro
(Lively) (Alegre)

Nº 96.

mf

cresc.

f

dim.

cresc.

mf

cresc.

f

Allegretto.

Nº 97.

mf

f

dim.

mf *cresc.*

Nº 98. *Allegro.* *mf*

f *mf*

cresc. *f* *mf*

^
The notes with this mark above them must be strongly accented.

Este signo se llama regulador y la nota sobre que se pone debe acentuarse con fuerza.

B flat major.

Si bemol mayor

Adagio

(Very slow) (Muy despacio)

Nº 99. *dolce.*

1. 2.

p

Allegro.

Nº 100.

mf

f

dim.

mf

f

p

f

p

Allegro moderato.

Nº 101.

mf

cresc.

f

dim.

mf

cresc.

dim.

p

cresc.

dim.

p

cresc.

dim.

cresc.

Nº 102. Moderato.

[illegible]

The change of fingers on the same key must be made rapidly, without striking it again.

Este cambio de dedos sobre la misma nota se debe efectuar rápidamente sin que suene ella otra vez.

Nº 103. *Allegro moderato.*

dolce.

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. It features a treble and bass staff. The treble staff has a melody with a triplet of eighth notes (3, 5) and a series of eighth notes with fingerings (2, 2, 1, 1). The bass staff has a continuous eighth-note accompaniment. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4.

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. The score is written for a piano and voice. The piano part is in the left hand, featuring a continuous eighth-note accompaniment. The voice part is in the right hand, featuring a melody with a long note on the first measure and a series of eighth notes on the second measure. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The score is divided into two systems, each containing two measures. The first system shows the piano accompaniment and the voice melody. The second system continues the piano accompaniment and the voice melody. The piano part is marked with a 'P' for piano. The voice part is marked with a 'V' for voice. The score is written on a grand staff with a treble clef for the voice and a bass clef for the piano. The piano part is written in a 4/4 time signature. The voice part is written in a 4/4 time signature. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The score is divided into two systems, each containing two measures. The first system shows the piano accompaniment and the voice melody. The second system continues the piano accompaniment and the voice melody. The piano part is marked with a 'P' for piano. The voice part is marked with a 'V' for voice. The score is written on a grand staff with a treble clef for the voice and a bass clef for the piano. The piano part is written in a 4/4 time signature. The voice part is written in a 4/4 time signature. The key signature is one flat (B-flat).

Allegretto.

No. 104.

Chromatic Scale.

Escala Cromatica

NO I.

Right hand alone
Mano derecha
sola



This fingering is easier for small hands.
Digitación más fácil para manos pequeñas.

II.

This fingering is the most in use.
La más usada.



Left hand alone
Mano izquierda
sola



V.

Right hand alone
Mano derecha
sola



VI.

Left hand alone
Mano izquierda
sola.



VII.

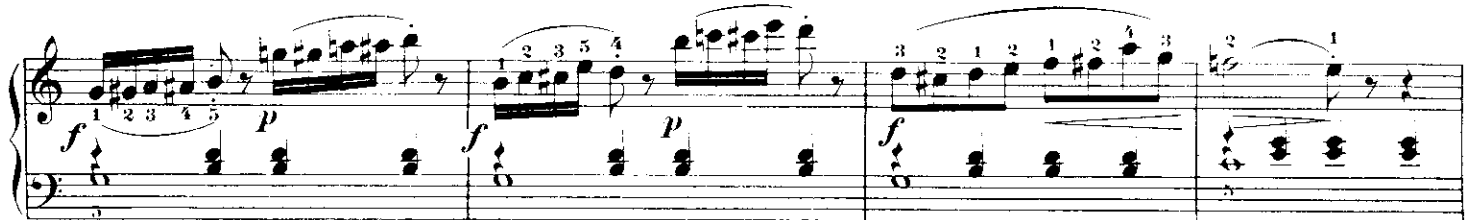


VIII.



Allegro moderato.

№ 105.



Nº 106. *Allegro moderato.*

f *p* *f* *p*

The musical score is for a piece from 'The Merry Widow' by Franz Lehár. It is written for piano and violin. The key signature is D major (two sharps), and the time signature is 2/4. The score begins with a piano (p) dynamic marking. The piano part features a series of eighth-note runs in the right hand and a more rhythmic accompaniment in the left hand. The violin part enters with a series of eighth-note runs in the right hand and a more rhythmic accompaniment in the left hand. The score includes various dynamic markings, including 'f' (forte) and 'ff' (fortissimo). The tempo is marked 'Allegretto'. The score is in Italian, with the title 'The Merry Widow' and the composer's name 'Franz Lehár' at the top. The score is for a piano and violin, and it includes a variety of musical notation, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Six short pieces for Recreation

Nº 1. A Short Story

Moderato.
espressivo.

H. LICHNER.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

f

decresc.

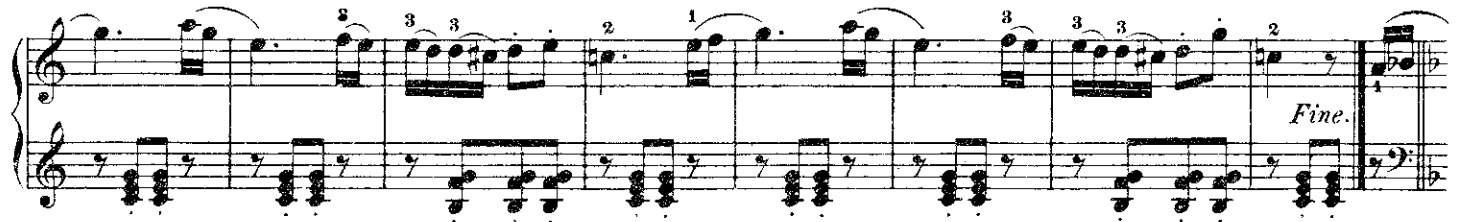
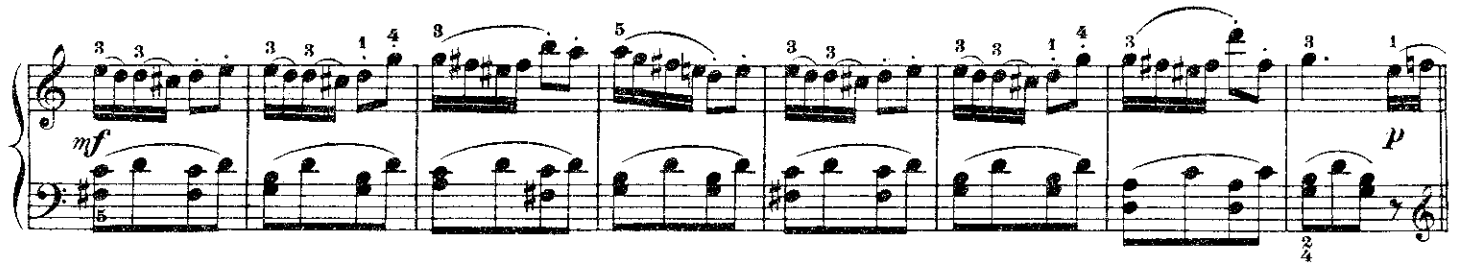
Nº 2. On the Playground.

Nº 2. En el patio de juego

Allegro.
Vivo.

H. LICHNER.

p



Nº 3. Song without words.

Nº 3. Canción sin palabras

F. SPINDLER.



Nº 4. Song without words.

Nº 4. Romanza sin palabras

F. SPINDLER.

Di buon umore.

mf

p

Nº 5. Polka.

Nº 5. Polca

A. EHMANT.

Animato. (♩ = 126.)

p

mf

p

Fine.

Trio.

p

mf *p*

p

Polka D. C. al Fine.

Nº 6. Song without words.

Nº 6. Canto sin palabras

F. SPINDLER.

Tranquillo.

p

Sequel.

Finger Exercises to be interspersed in the preliminary part of the Instruction Book, and to be well practiced.

For the Right Hand alone.

Each Exercise to be repeated several times. They can also be extended to two octaves.

Secuela

Ejercicios de digitación que deben intercalarse en la parte preliminar de este libro y practicarse mucho.

Para la Mano Derecha sola

Repítase cada ejercicio varias veces. También puede extenderse a dos octavas.

Nº 1.

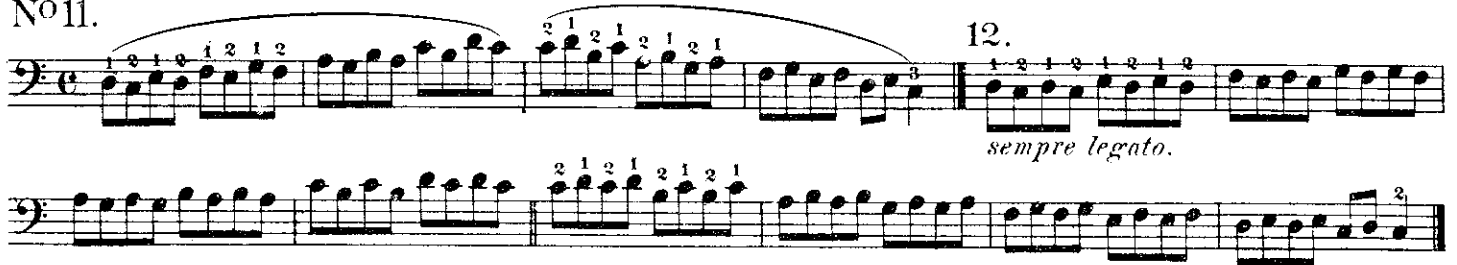
10.

sempre legato.

For the left Hand alone.

Para la Mano Izquierda sola

Nº11.



For both Hands together.

Para ambas Manos
en conjunto

Nº 21.

Exercise Nº 21 consists of two staves. The treble staff begins with a sequence of eighth notes: C4, D4, E4, F4, G4, A4, B4, C5, with fingerings 1, 2, 3, 1. The bass staff begins with: C3, D3, E3, F3, G3, A3, B3, C4, with fingerings 5, 4, 3, 2, 1. Both staves continue with similar eighth-note patterns, including triplets in the third measure.

Nº 22.

sempre legato.

Exercise Nº 22 consists of two staves. The treble staff begins with eighth notes: C4, D4, E4, F4, G4, A4, B4, C5, with fingerings 1, 3, 1, 3. The bass staff begins with: C3, D3, E3, F3, G3, A3, B3, C4, with fingerings 1, 3, 1, 3. The instruction *sempre legato.* is written above the first measure of the treble staff.

Nº 23.

Exercise Nº 23 consists of two staves. The treble staff begins with eighth notes: C4, D4, E4, F4, G4, A4, B4, C5, with fingerings 3, 1, 3, 1. The bass staff begins with: C3, D3, E3, F3, G3, A3, B3, C4, with fingerings 1, 3, 1, 3. The exercise continues with eighth-note patterns and fingerings.

Nº 24.

Exercise Nº 24 consists of two staves. The treble staff begins with eighth notes: C4, D4, E4, F4, G4, A4, B4, C5, with fingerings 1, 3, 1, 3. The bass staff begins with: C3, D3, E3, F3, G3, A3, B3, C4, with fingerings 3, 1, 3, 1. The exercise continues with eighth-note patterns and fingerings.

Nº 25.

Exercise Nº 25 consists of two staves. The treble staff begins with eighth notes: C4, D4, E4, F4, G4, A4, B4, C5, with fingerings 1, 2, 3, 1. The bass staff begins with: C3, D3, E3, F3, G3, A3, B3, C4, with fingerings 4, 3, 2, 1. The exercise continues with eighth-note patterns and fingerings.

Nº 26.

Exercise Nº 26 consists of two staves. The treble staff begins with eighth notes: C4, D4, E4, F4, G4, A4, B4, C5, with fingerings 1, 3, 1, 3. The bass staff begins with: C3, D3, E3, F3, G3, A3, B3, C4, with fingerings 1, 3, 1, 3. The exercise continues with eighth-note patterns and fingerings.

Nº 27.

Exercise Nº 27 consists of two staves. The treble staff begins with eighth notes: C4, D4, E4, F4, G4, A4, B4, C5, with fingerings 1, 3, 1, 3. The bass staff begins with: C3, D3, E3, F3, G3, A3, B3, C4, with fingerings 1, 3, 1, 3. The exercise continues with eighth-note patterns and fingerings.

№ 26.

Exercise № 26, measures 1-8. The piece is in 3/4 time. Measures 1-4 are marked with a slur and fingerings 1 and 5. Measures 5-8 continue the pattern with fingerings 5 and 1.

№ 27.

Exercise № 27, measures 1-4. The piece is in 3/4 time. Measures 1-2 are marked with a slur and fingerings 5 and 1. Measures 3-4 continue the pattern with fingerings 5 and 1.

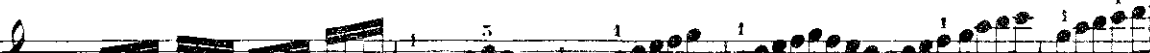
Exercise № 27, measures 5-8. The piece is in 3/4 time. Measures 5-6 are marked with a slur and fingerings 5 and 1. Measures 7-8 continue the pattern with fingerings 5 and 1.

Exercise № 27, measures 9-12. The piece is in 3/4 time. Measures 9-10 are marked with a slur and fingerings 5 and 1. Measures 11-12 continue the pattern with fingerings 5 and 1.

№ 28.

Exercise № 28, measures 1-8. The piece is in 2/4 time. Measures 1-4 are marked with a slur and fingerings 1 3 5 1 3 5. Measures 5-8 continue the pattern with fingerings 5 3 1 5 3 1.

№29.



No 30.

The musical score for No 30 is written on a grand staff with a treble and bass staff. The key signature is one flat (B-flat) and the time signature is common time (C). The piece consists of two measures. The first measure contains a treble staff with a series of eighth notes and a bass staff with a series of eighth notes. The second measure contains a treble staff with a series of eighth notes and a bass staff with a series of eighth notes. The score is marked with various fingerings and articulations.

A musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". The score is written for voice and piano. The voice part is on a single staff with a treble clef. The piano accompaniment is on two staves, with the right hand in treble clef and the left hand in bass clef. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The music consists of two measures. The first measure shows the voice entering with a quarter note, followed by the piano accompaniment. The second measure continues the melody and accompaniment. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and fingerings.

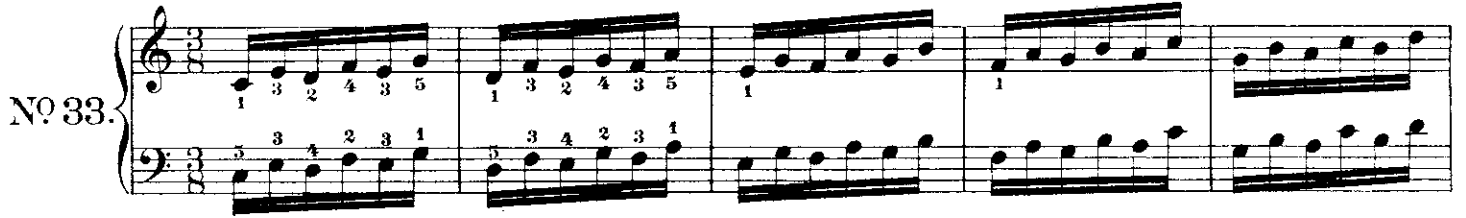
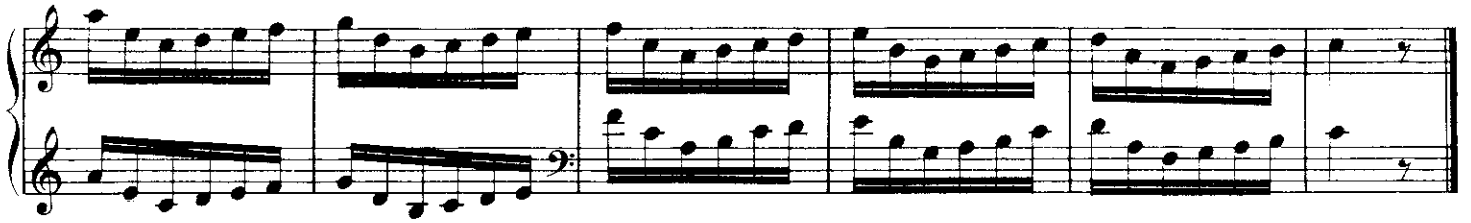
[illegible]

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. It features a piano introduction and a vocal melody. The piano part is written for both hands on a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The vocal part is written on a single treble clef staff. The key signature has one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 2/4. The score is divided into two systems. The first system includes the piano introduction and the first line of the vocal melody. The second system continues the vocal melody. The piano part consists of arpeggiated chords and single notes. The vocal part is a simple melody with lyrics written below the notes.

No. 32.



A musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". It features a piano introduction in G major, 2/4 time. The score is written for piano (p) and includes a treble and bass staff. The melody is in the treble staff, and the accompaniment is in the bass staff. The score is divided into two systems. The first system contains the first two measures of the piano introduction. The second system contains the next four measures, which include the vocal melody and piano accompaniment. The vocal melody is written in a single staff with a treble clef. The piano accompaniment is written in a single staff with a bass clef. The score includes fingerings (1-5) and a final double bar line.



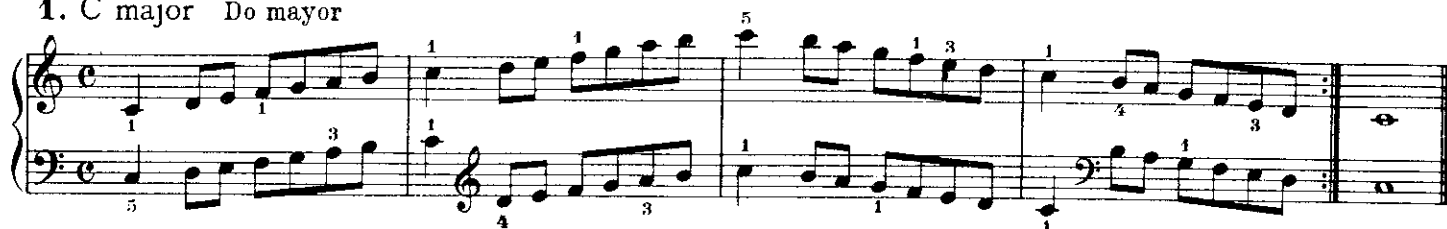
24 Major and Minor Scales

arranged according to the similarity of the fingering,
and for the comparison of major and minor.

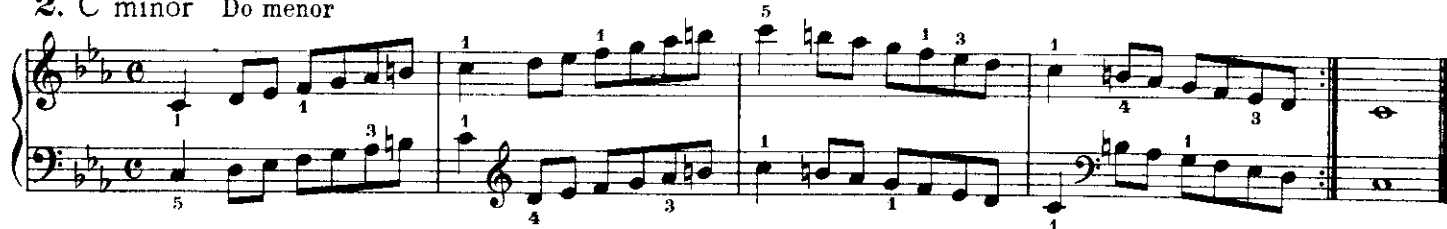
24 Escalas Mayores y Menores

Arregladas según la similitud de su digitación; y para
comparar el tono mayor con el menor.

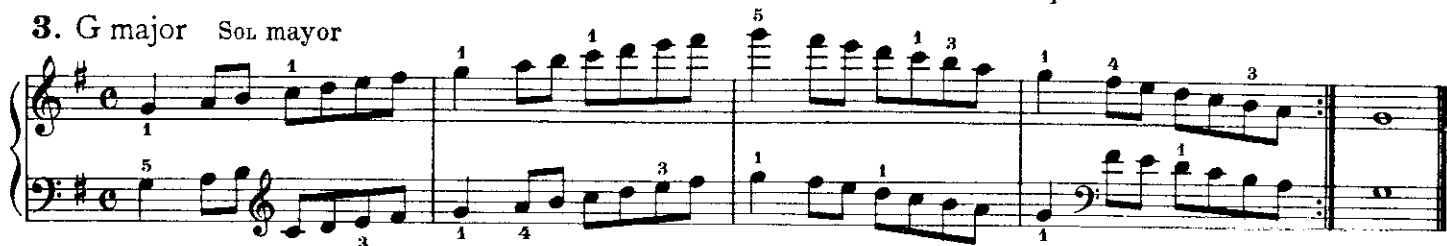
1. C major Do mayor



2. C minor Do menor



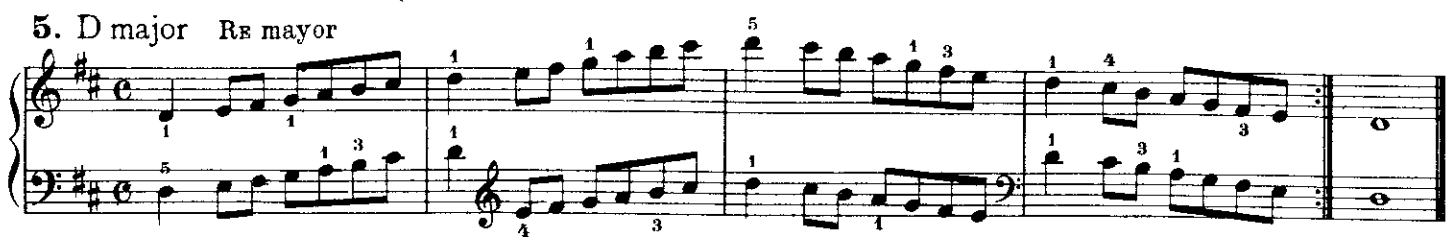
3. G major Sol mayor



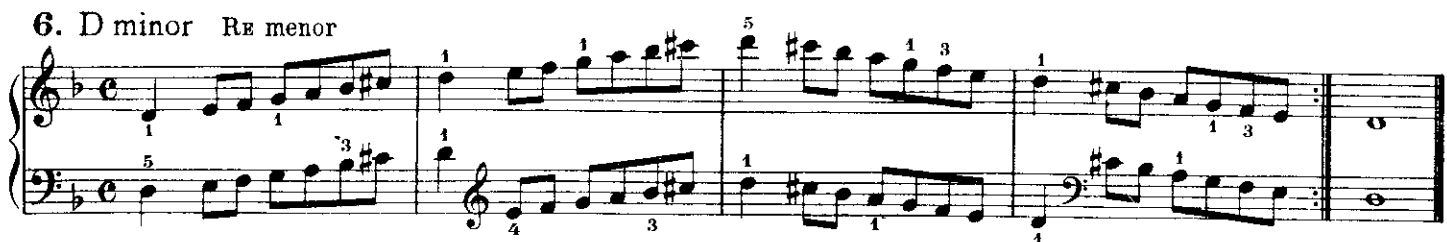
4. G minor Sol menor



5. D major Re mayor



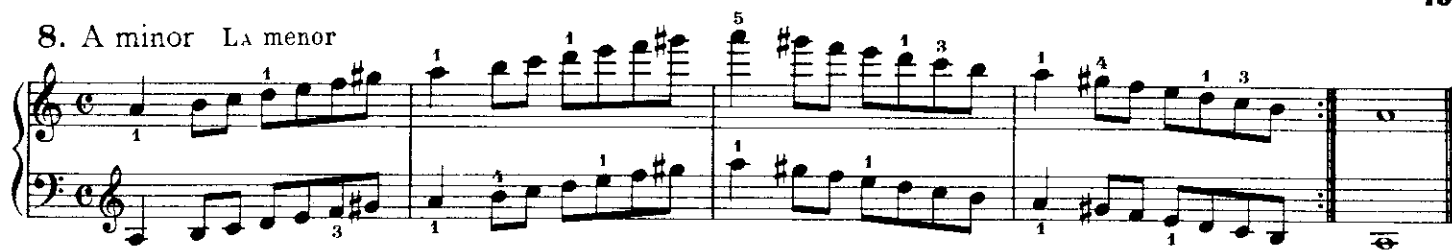
6. D minor Re menor



7. A major La mayor



8. A minor La menor



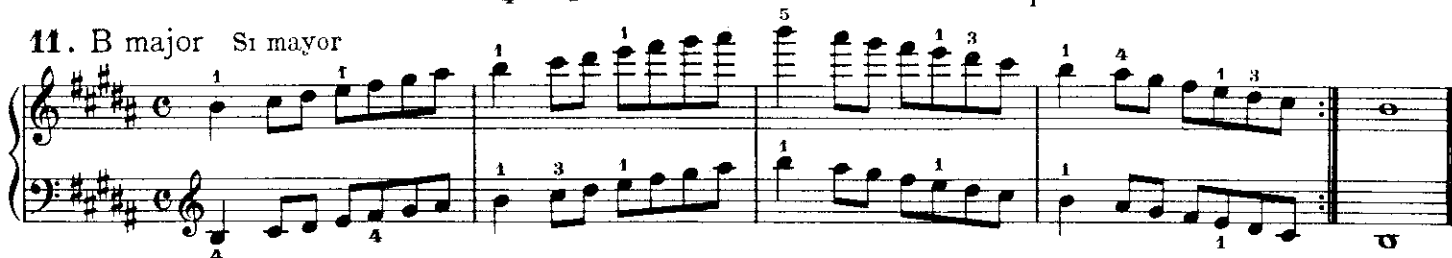
9. E major Mi mayor



10. E minor Mi menor



11. B major Si mayor



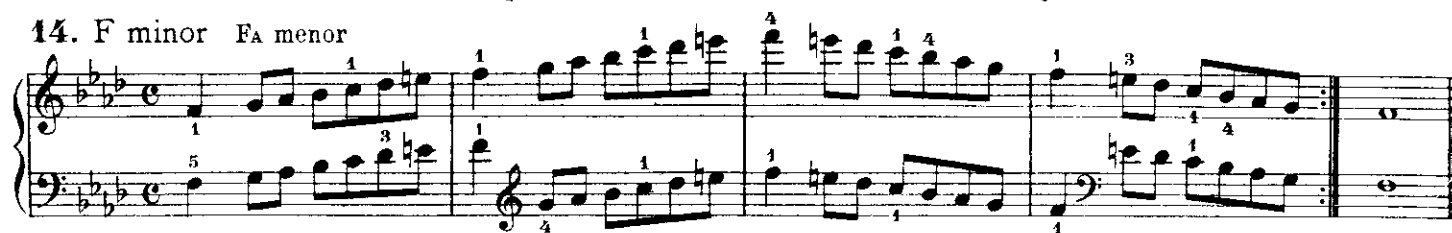
12. B minor Si menor



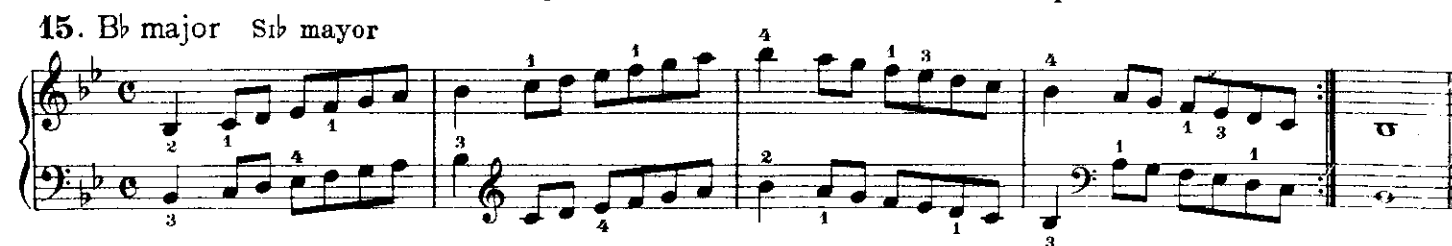
13. F major Fa mayor

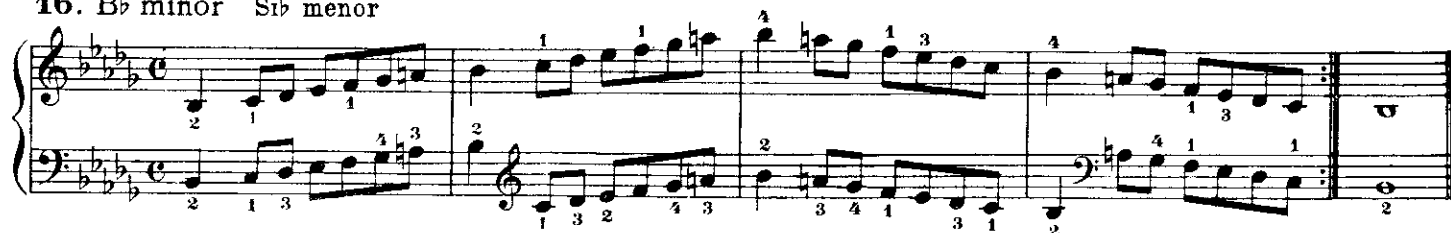
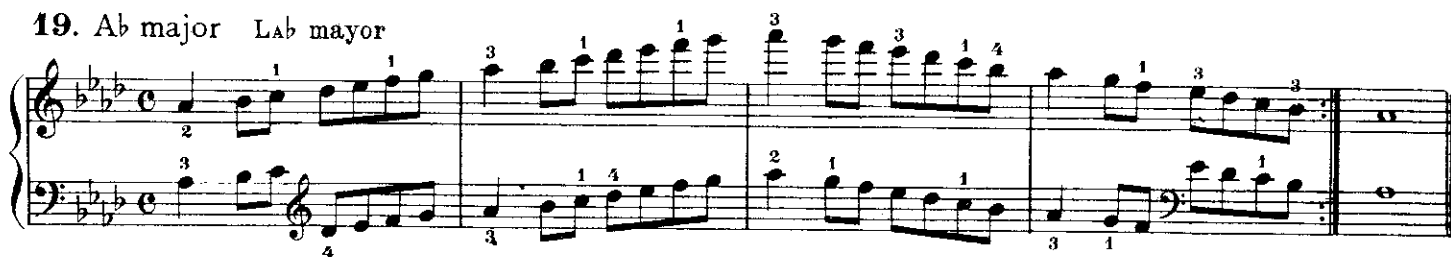
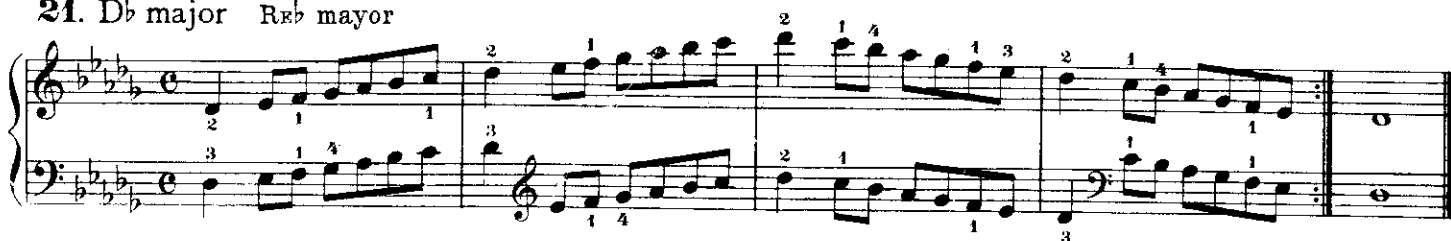
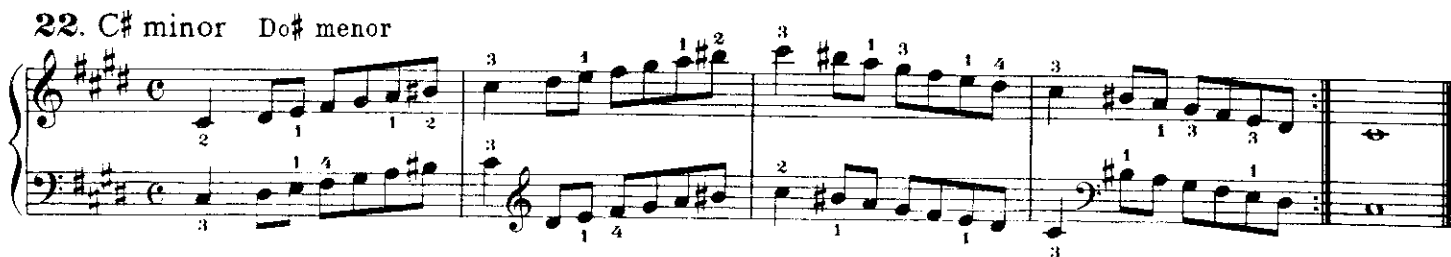


14. F minor Fa menor



15. Bb major Sib mayor

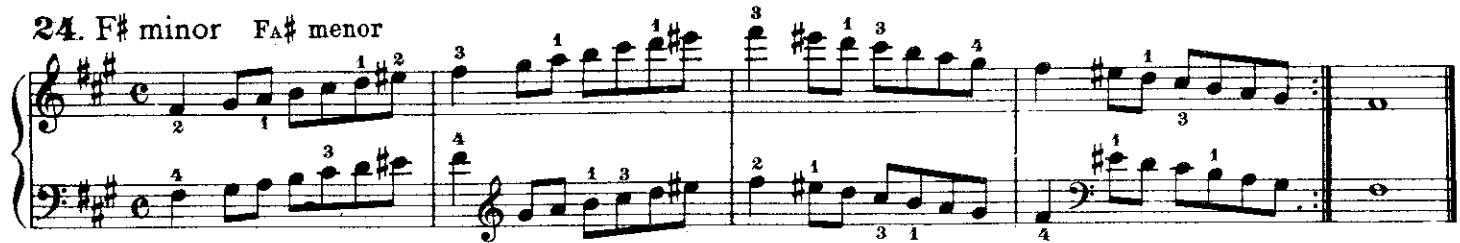


16. B $\flat$ minor S $\flat$ menor17. E $\flat$ major M $\flat$ mayor18. E $\flat$ minor M $\flat$ menor19. A $\flat$ major L $\flat$ mayor20. A $\flat$ minor L $\flat$ menor21. D $\flat$ major R $\flat$ mayor22. C $\sharp$ minor Do $\sharp$ menor

23. F# major FA# mayor



24. F# minor FA# menor



Besides the above Minor Scales the following two kinds are also used.

Además de las escalas menores mencionadas también se usan las dos clases siguientes.

A minor LA menor



A minor LA menor



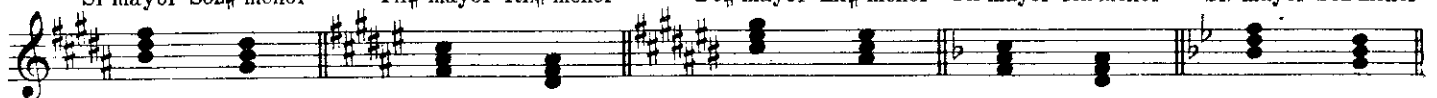
Succession of all the Keys and their relationship

Orden sucesiva de cada tono mayor y su relativo menor

C major A minor G major E minor D major B minor A major F# minor E major C# minor
Do mayor LA menor SOL mayor MI menor RE mayor SI menor LA mayor FA# menor MI mayor DO# menor



B major G# minor F# major D# minor C# major A# minor F maj. D min. Bb maj. G min.
Si mayor Sol# menor FA# mayor RE# menor DO# mayor LA# menor FA mayor RE menor Sib mayor Sol menor



Eb maj. C min. Ab maj. F min. Db maj. Bb min. Gb maj. Eb min. Cb maj. Ab min.
Mib mayor Do menor Lab mayor FA menor Reb mayor Sib menor Solb mayor Mib menor Dob mayor Lab menor

